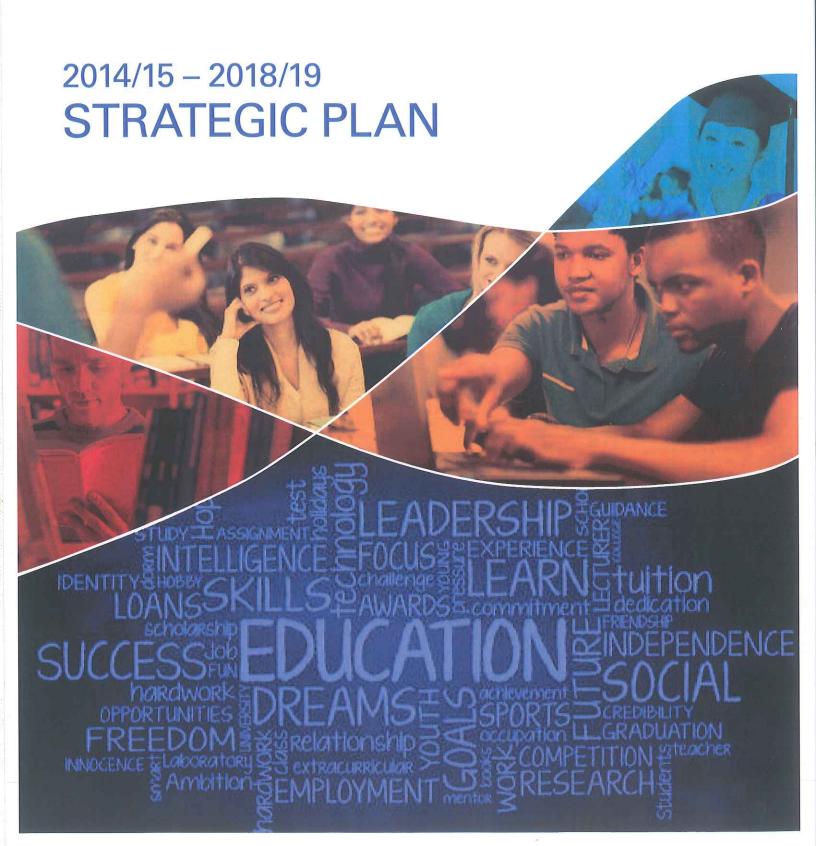


Bakersfield College Cerro Coso Community College Porterville College



## Message from the Chancellor



Tiures ni dolumet volorere pa sitatus ut officitiorum quam que corae et molenem fuga. Et quidestium sequibus, nam, conse eicit et dolorenim quiatinctur, que doluptata dolupta vit et hiciis dolo ellorrum exere, optae ressit harum que nobit alique qui quam.

Rioreptia cuptur? Aborehent harunt ut od expliqui cum, solupta conem dis dolum facerum vel idesequibus remodis reriae porum aut eum rehenda verit odicias miliquid ero imillen imoluptatur?

Andi qui apellab ium il il molor aut fugiasp elenden iendaesti te pelluptatios sunt liciet lam facepe mi, sum, tecepeles es ratet ipistru mentio sin cus non cus, sam as simus ius eriatquam dis ma nos dolore ommoditatem hil idus. Unt reprore, veleste mporis et, offic tem dis ma nos dolore ommoditatem hil idus dolendeles.

Rioreptia cuptur? Aborehent harunt ut od expliqui cum, solupta conem dis dolum facerum vel idesequibus remodis reriae porum aut eum rehenda verit odicias miliquid ero.

Rioreptia cuptur? Aborehent harunt ut od expliqui cum, solupta conem dis dolum facerum vel idesequibus remodis reriae porum aut eum rehenda verit odicias miliquid ero.

Sincerely,

Sandra V. Serrano Chancellor

# KCCD Board of Trustees

Mr. John Rodgers
President

Mr. Dennis Beebe Vice President

Mrs. Kay Meek Clerk

Mr. John Corkins

Mr. Ruby Hill

Mrs. Pauline Larwood

Mr. Mark Storch

### **Strategic Planning Committee 2014**

#### Abe Ali

Vice Chancellor Human Resources Kern Community College District

#### Tom Burke

Chief Financial Officer Kern Community College District

### **Michael Campbell**

Director
Information Technology
Cerro Coso Community
College

### Zav Dadabhoy

Vice President Student Affairs Bakersfield College

#### Lisa Fitzgerald

Director
Institutional Research
& Reporting
Kern Community College
District

#### **Pam Godfrey**

Associate Professor Counselor Cerro Coso Community College

### **Tiffany Haynes**

Financial Aid Technician Porterville College

#### Nan Gomez-Heitzeberg

Executive Vice President Academic Affairs Bakersfield College

#### **Bill Henry**

Vice President Academic Affairs Porterville College

#### **Corey Marvin**

Vice President
Academic Affairs
Cerro Coso Community
College

#### John Means

Associate Chancellor Economic and Workforce Development Kern Community College District

### Cornelio Rodriguez

Interim Associate Dean Bakersfield College

### **James Thompson**

Associate Professor Communication Studies Porterville College

# The Strategic Planning Process

The KCCD Strategic Plan describes the priorities for the District in a process to ensure the priorities are well thought out, clearly understood, and achievable. The process involves multiple phases, each informing the others. The first phase is a district-wide strategic plan which provides general direction and an overarching framework. It includes district-wide Goals and Objectives. Common measures under each objective are also identified as a means of gauging how the District and the Colleges meet each objective.

A second phase includes college-wide strategic plans which build upon the Goals and Objectives agreed upon in the district-wide plan by providing more specificity including Strategies and Action Plans. Discussion between the college presidents and chancellor will finalize specific college targets.

In the final phase, the Strategies will be brought back to the district-wide plan in order to provide a complete district-wide plan which includes goals, measureable objectives and strategies. This multiple-phase process allows each college to identify strategies and develop action plans based on their unique circumstances and student needs, while still focusing on district-wide goals and objectives.

The first year of this new process (2014-15) will be one of development culminating in a complete district-wide strategic plan including specific district office and college strategies. Year Two (2015-16) will start an annual process of review, evaluation and adjustment.

Each fall, the district-wide strategic planning committee and the college strategic planning committees will review the progress made on the objectives and evaluate how well the strategies and action plans have worked. Adjustments or new strategies will be incorporated as needed in order to continue progress toward the Goals and Objectives. Year five (2018-19) would reboot the process in order to re-evaluate the Mission, Vision, Values, or Goals.







### The Strategic Planning Process

### **Districtwide Strategic Plan Process**

### YEAR ONE 2014/15

#### Phase 1 - Fall

#### **Districtwide Strategic Plan** Framework

Review and Update the Districtwide Mission, Vision, Values, High Level Goals and **Key Objectives** 

Districtwide Group of College and District Office Representatives

### Phase 2 - Spring

#### College/District Strategic Plans

Colleges update their Mission, Vision, Values

Colleges / District Create Specific and Measureable Objectives and Strategies with Action Plans and Targets

College/District Representatives

#### Phase 3 - Spring/Summer

#### Discussion

Review College/District Objectives, Strategies, Action Plans and Targets with the intent to Fold College Objectives and Strategies into the Districtwide Plan to add Specificity

Chancellor, Presidents, Board, etc.

#### Phase 4-Spring/Summer

Complete Districtwide Strategic Plan

#### Process and **Discussions Inform:**

### Annual Evaluations

Board and Chancellor

Chancellor and Presidents

Chancellor and District Office Personnel

Presidents and College Personnel

- Budget Decisions
- · Hiring Decisions

### YEAR TWO, THREE AND FOUR

#### 2015/16-17/18

### Phase 1 - Fall

#### **Annual Review of College/ District Plans**

**Review Outcomes and** Reassess Objectives, Strategies, Action Plans, Targets, and Overall Direction

College/District Representatives

#### Phase 2 - Spring

## Discussion

Review Findings and any need for Direction Changes

Chancellor, Presidents, Board, etc.

### Phase 3 - Spring/Summer

#### **Annual Districtwide** Strategic Plan Update Report

Include Data and Narrative about Progress and any Adjustments

### YEAR FIVE 2018/19

### Start Process Over - Fall

Review and Update the Districtwide Mission, Vision, Values, High Level Goals and Key Objectives

Include Assessment of Annual Updates for Trends and Necessary Adjustments

Districtwide Goup of College and District Office Representatives

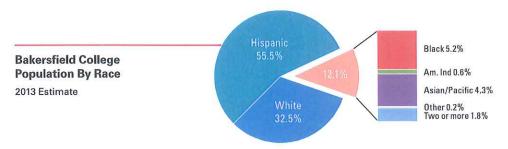
#### **Data Informed Process**

- · Objectives are Measureable
- · Objectives include Action Plans
- . Consistent Data and Measures are Used
- · Annual Districtwide Scorecard or Comprehensive Reporting to Support Process (see proposed model)

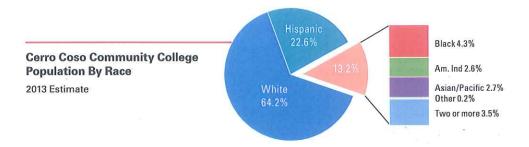
### **OUR COMMUNITY**

### Race and Ethnicity

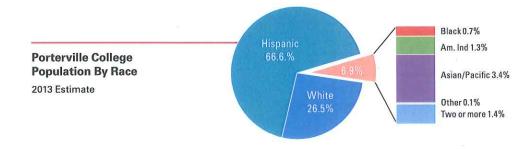
Per the US Census Bureau, the 2013 KCCD service area population was 53.2% Hispanic. The Hispanic population is projected to grow to 57.0% by 2018.



The 2013 BC service area population was 55.5% Hispanic and 32.5% White. By 2018, the Hispanic population is expected to increase to 59.4%, and the overall minority population is projected to be 67.4%.



The 2013 CC service area population was 22.6% Hispanic and 64.2% White. By 2018, the Hispanic population is expected to increase to 25.4%, and the overall minority population is projected to be 39.5%.



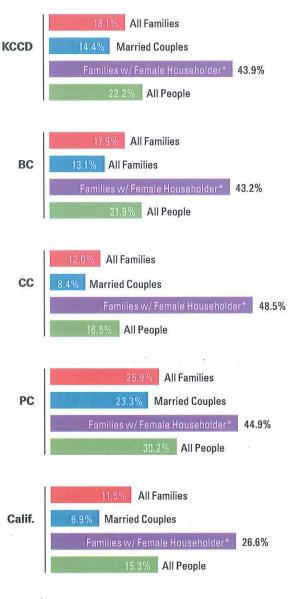
The 2013 PC service area population was 66.6% Hispanic and 26.5% White. By 2018, the Hispanic population is expected to increase to 70.0%, and the overall minority population is projected to be 76.9%.

Source: 2013 ESRI BA Data Set

### **Income and Poverty**

- In the BC service area, an estimated 17.9% of families live below the poverty level (\$23,550 for a family of four). Female head of household families have a significantly higher rate of poverty (43.2%), than married couple families (13.1%). BC's service area median household income was slightly over \$49,000 in 2013 and is projected to increase 11.6% by 2018.
- In the CC service area, an estimated 12.0% of families live below the poverty level (\$23,550 for a family of four). Female head of household families have a significantly higher rate of poverty (48.5%), than that of married couple families (8.4%). CC's service area median household income was slightly lower than \$37,500 in 2013 and is projected to increase 11.5% by 2018.
- In the PC service area, an estimated 25.9% of families live below the poverty level (\$23,550 for a family of four). Female head of household families have a much higher rate of poverty (44.9%), than that of married families (23.3%). PC's service area median household income was slightly lower than \$45,000 in 2013 and is projected to increase 10.1% by 2018.

### **Income Below Poverty Level** 2012 Estimate



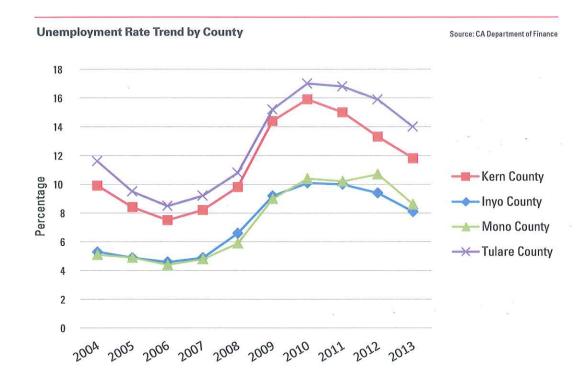
\*No husband present

Source: American Community Survey 2008-2012 (5-Yr. Est.)

### **Unemployment Status**

Unemployment is reported by the California Department of Finance by county. The four major counties within the service area (Kern, Inyo, Mono, and Tulare) have experienced a similar pattern of unemployment over 10 years. Unemployment was typically highest in 2010 and has declined since.

- Unemployment in Kern County has varied from a low of 7.5% in 2006 to a high of 15.9% in 2010. In the latest complete year (2013), it was 11.8%.
- Unemployment in Inyo County has varied from a low of 4.6% in 2006 to a high of 10.1% in 2010. In the latest complete year (2013), it was 8.1%
- Unemployment in Mono County has varied from a low of 4.4% in 2006 to a high of 10.7% in 2012. In the latest complete year (2013), it was 8.6%.
- Unemployment in Tulare County has varied from a low of 9.2% in 2006 to a high of 17.0% in 2010. In the latest complete year (2013), it was 14.0%.



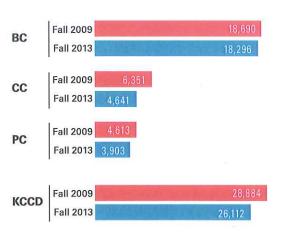
### **OUR STUDENTS**

### Headcount

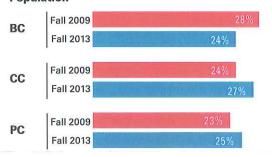
The first chart below shows the headcount for each college for Fall 2009 and Fall 2013. In general, the KCCD headcount declined in that time period with Cerro Coso experiencing the largest decrease (27%).

The second chart shows incoming students as a percentage of the total student population for each college for Fall 2009 and Fall 2013. A student is considered incoming if their first term enrolled at KCCD equals the specified fall term or the previous summer term. While incoming students constitute a higher percentage of CC and PC's student body in 2013 compared to 2009, incoming students constitute a lower percentage of BC's student body in 2013 compared to 2009.

#### Student Headcount — Fall 2009 and Fall 2013



Fall 2009 and Fall 2013 Comparison of Incoming Students as a Percent of the Total Student **Population** 

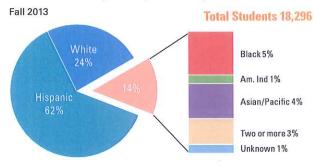


### Race/Ethnicity

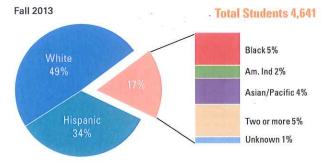
The majority of students at BC and PC are Hispanic/Latino. The majority of students at CC are White, with Hispanic/Latino being the second largest population.

All three colleges experienced an increase in the percent of Hispanic/Latino students over the past 5 years and a corresponding decrease in White students. The race and ethnicity of incoming students is similar to that of all students.

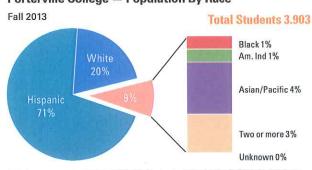
### **Bakersfield College — Population By Race**



Cerro Coso Community College — Population By Race



Porterville College - Population By Race



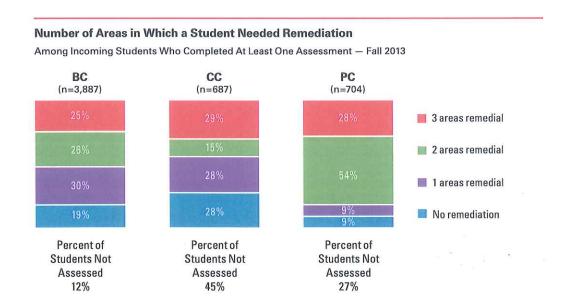
### **OUR STUDENTS**

### **Incoming Student Placement**

This section details placement information for incoming students who completed assessment testing. The chart below displays the number of areas (English, Math, and Reading) in which a student needed remediation, among incoming students who completed at least one assessment.

Of all Fall 2013 incoming students who completed at least one assessment test:

- 81% of BC's incoming students needed remediation
- 72% of CC's incoming students needed remediation
- 91% of PC's incoming students needed remediation



Another metric of interest is the percentage of incoming students who did not complete any assessment testing. At BC, the percentage of students not completing assessment has been decreasing over the past five years to only 12% of Fall 2013 incoming students. CC has also experienced a decrease, but with just under half of their incoming students not completing assessment in Fall 2013. PC has experienced a slight increase in the percentage of students not completing assessment over the past five years with just over a quarter of their incoming students not completing assessment.

### **Awards**

The table below shows the number of awards earned at each college over five years. Of the three colleges, Cerro Coso has had the largest increase in awards (65%), which is mostly from Certificates of Achievement.

| Awards                       | 2008-09 | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 5-year<br>% change |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|
| Bakersfield College          |         |         |         |         |         |                    |
| AA/AS                        | 1,039   | 977     | 941     | 889     | 778     | -25%               |
| AA-T/AS-T                    |         |         |         | 4       | 31      |                    |
| Certificates of Achievement  | 233     | 250     | 169     | 226     | 283     | 21%                |
| Job Skills Certificates      | 551     | 485     | 529     | 671     | 736     | 34%                |
| Total Awards                 | 1,823   | 1,712   | 1,639   | 1,790   | 1,828   | 0%                 |
| Cerro Coso Community College |         |         |         |         |         |                    |
| AA/AS                        | 202     | 223     | 303     | 222     | 258     | 28%                |
| AA-T/AS-T                    |         |         |         |         | 3       |                    |
| Certificates of Achievement  | 38      | 27      | 39      | 60      | 111     | 192%               |
| Job Skills Certificates      |         |         | 4       | 4       | 25      | 241                |
| Total Awards                 | 240     | 250     | 346     | 286     | 397     | 65%                |
| Porterville College          |         |         |         |         |         |                    |
| AA/AS                        | 252     | 245     | 179     | 330     | 271     | 8%                 |
| AA-T/AS-T                    |         |         |         | 2       | 9       |                    |
| Certificates of Achievement  | 142     | 146     | 128     | 111     | 113     | -20%               |
| Job Skills Certificates      | 1       |         |         |         |         |                    |
| Total Awards                 | 395     | 391     | 307     | 443     | 393     | -1%                |

### **Transfers**

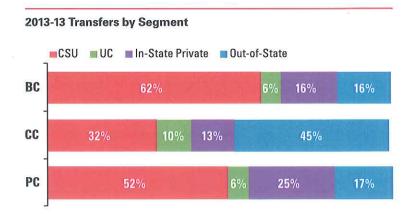
The following table shows the number of transfers at each college over five years.

After a spike in 2010-11, all three colleges have experienced a decline in transfers. A similar trend exists at the statewide level as well.

| Transfers            | 2008-09 | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 5-year<br>% change |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|
| Bakersfield College  |         |         |         |         |         |                    |
| CSU                  | 750     | 746     | 762     | 783     | 628     |                    |
| UC                   | 55      | 48      | 65      | 48      | 59      |                    |
| In-State Private     | 250     | 261     | 234     | 214     | 164     |                    |
| Out-of-State         | 111     | 125     | 137     | 143     | 159     |                    |
| Total Transfers      | 1,166   | 1,180   | 1,198   | 1,188   | 1,010   | -13%               |
| Cerro Coso Community | College |         |         |         |         |                    |
| CSU                  | 61      | 44      | 57      | 63      | 55      |                    |
| UC                   | 15      | 8       | 13      | 14      | 17      |                    |
| In-State Private     | 60      | 68      | 51      | 43      | 22      |                    |
| Out-of-State         | 118     | 114     | 142     | 108     | 79      |                    |
| Total Transfers      | 254     | 234     | 263     | 228     | 173     | -32%               |
| Porterville College  |         |         |         |         |         |                    |
| CSU                  | 105     | 87      | 131     | 110     | 108     |                    |
| UC                   | 3       | 7       | 11      | 16      | 13      |                    |
| In-State Private     | 45      | 70      | 51      | 58      | 52      |                    |
| Out-of-State         | 28      | 37      | 44      | 34      | 34      |                    |
| Total Transfers      | 181     | 201     | 237     | 218     | 207     | 14%                |

 $Source: CSU \ and \ UC \ transfer numbers \ are \ from \ the \ CSU \ and \ UC \ system \ of fices, \ while \ ISP \ and \ OOS \ numbers \ are \ from \ the \ CCCCO \ Datamart.$ 

Looking at the most recent transfer year, the majority of BC's transfer students attended a CSU. PC has a similar dynamic; however, a quarter of their transfer students attended an in-state private college. Almost half of CC's transfer students attended college located out-of-state.



#### Student Success Scorecard Results

This section includes the most recent Student Success Scorecard results as reported by the California Community College Chancellor's Office. This information is updated annually as part of the state's Accountability Reporting for Community Colleges (ARCC). There are five measures - Completion, Persistence, 30 Unit Attainment, Progress through Remediation, and Career Technical Education Completion. Each measure defines a cohort of students who are tracked for a specific amount of time (generally six years) to determine whether they succeed in the metric. The tables in this section have results for the last five cohorts in each measure.

### **Bakersfield College**

BC results have generally declined in the five-year time period. The only positive trend was for the Remedial Math rate which increased from 20.2% in 2003-04 to 21.4% in 2007-08. Although there was a slight variation between cohort years, the trend for the Remedial English rate remained the same during the five-year period. All other rates declined in the five-year time period.

When compared to statewide rates, BC results tend to be lower. There were a few exceptions where BC student results were above the statewide rate such as Persistence (both the Overall and Unprepared Students), 30 Unit Attainment (Prepared Students), and Remedial ESL. The metrics with the lowest results compared to statewide were Completion, Remedial English and Math, and Career Technical Education. When compared to the highest score in the Peer Group (which is only reported for the Overall Completion rate), BC's results were lower - 39.9% compared to 50.5%.

| Bakersfield College<br>Student Success Scorecard Metrics |                                |                            | 2007-08 Comparisons |       |       |                            |                                    |                             |       |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|
|  |                                | 2003-04<br>thru<br>2008-09 |                     |       |       | 2007-08<br>thru<br>2012-13 | Trendlines                         | Highest<br>Peer Grp<br>Rate |       |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 2,337                      | 2,540               | 2,516 | 2,727 | 2,807                      | 1,00                               |                             | 7.1   |
| Camplation   | Overall Outcome Success Rate   | 43.6%                      | 44.7%               | 40.8% | 43.5% | 39.9%                      | -                                  | 50.5%                       | 48.1% |
| Completion   | Prepared (avg 16% of cohort)   | 70.2%                      | 71.2%               | 70.1% | 71.6% | 67.2%                      | -                                  | - 1                         | 70.2% |
|  | Unprepared (avg 84% of cohort) | 38.6%                      | 38.6%               | 36.3% | 38.5% | 34.8%                      | -                                  |                             | 40.5% |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 2,337                      | 2,540               | 2,516 | 2,727 | 2,807                      |                                    | This is                     | 12    |
|  | Overall Outcome Success Rate   | 75.1%                      | 75.2%               | 71.2% | 71.8% | 71.0%                      | -                                  |                             | 70.5% |
| Persistence  | Prepared (avg 16% of cohort)   | 75.3%                      | 81.4%               | 72.5% | 71.1% | 68.3%                      |                                    |                             | 71.9% |
|  | Unprepared (avg 84% of cohort) | 75.0%                      | 73.8%               | 71.0% | 71.9% | 71.6%                      |                                    |                             | 70.1% |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 2,337                      | 2,540               | 2,516 | 2,727 | 2,807                      |                                    |                             |       |
| 00 !!-:'4-   | Overall Outcome Success Rate   | 65.4%                      | 65.1%               | 62.9% | 64.5% | 62.3%                      | -                                  | -                           | 66.5% |
| 30 Units   | Prepared (avg 16% of cohort)   | 75.3%                      | 75.4%               | 70.7% | 71.3% | 71.4%                      | -                                  |                             | 70.1% |
|  | Unprepared (avg 84% of cohort) | 63.6%                      | 62.7%               | 61.7% | 63.2% | 60.6%                      | -                                  | 1 1                         | 65.3% |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 2,417                      | 2,348               | 2,585 | 2,411 | 2,313                      |                                    |                             |       |
| Remedial Enç   | Outcome Success Rate           | 30.5%                      | 29.6%               | 29.3% | 29.8% | 30.5%                      |                                    |                             | 43.6% |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 1,830                      | 1,711               | 1,653 | 1,958 | 2,422                      |                                    |                             |       |
| Remedial Ma  | Outcome Success Rate           | 20.2%                      | 22.9%               | 23.7% | 24.1% | 21.4%                      | 1                                  |                             | 30.6% |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 314                        | 398                 | 377   | 350   | 402                        | nali anni anni anni anni anni anni |                             |       |
| Remedial ESI   | Outcome Success Rate           | 34.4%                      | 27.9%               | 31.6% | 32.6% | 31.1%                      | 1                                  | 2 .                         | 27.1% |
| Career Techn   | ical Cohort Size               | 1,268                      | 1,227               | 1,297 | 1,468 | 1,494                      |                                    |                             |       |
| Education  | Outcome Success Rate           | 48.5%                      | 50.1%               | 48.6% | 48.0% | 48.2%                      |                                    |                             | 53.9% |

A Peer Group Comparison is only available for the Overall Completion metric. This peer group is comprised of 19 colleges (avg score = 41.9%).

### **Cerro Coso Community College**

Results within the five-year trend at CC are generally positive. The only measure with a downward trend was Career Technical Education - which declined by 9 percentage points during the time period. Measures with the highest increases were Completion (both Overall and Prepared Students), 30 Units Attained (both Overall and Unprepared Students), and Remedial Math.

When compared to statewide rates, CC results tend to be lower. An exception was Completion where rates for both the Overall and Prepared Students were above the statewide rate. The metrics with the lowest results compared to statewide were 30 Unit Attainment, Remedial English and Math, and Career Technical Education. When compared to the highest score in the Peer Group (which is only reported for the Overall Completion rate), CC's results were lower - 49.8% compared to 58.6%.

| The same   |                                | Trend ( | 2007-08 Comparisons |                         |                  |                            |            |          |  |
|--|--------------------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------|----------|--|
| Cerro Coso Community College<br>Student Success Scorecard Metrics  |                                |         |                     |                         |                  | 2007-08<br>thru<br>2012-13 | Trendlines |          |  |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 542     | 518                 | 416                     | 490              | 458                        |            | WATER TO | Mx.  |
| Camplatian   | Overall Outcome Success Rate   | 45.0%   | 77.3%               | 47.1%<br>66.4%<br>40.5% | 49.6%            | 49.8%                      | ·          | 58.6%    | 48.1%  |
| Completion   | Prepared (avg 25% of cohort)   | 75.4%   |                     |                         | 72.9%            | 83.2%                      |            |          | 70.2%  |
|  | Unprepared (avg 75% of cohort) | 35.4%   |                     |                         | 40.9%            | 37.2%                      |            |          | 40.5%  |
| The state of the s | Cohort Size                    | 542     | 518                 | 416                     | 490              | 458                        |            |          | H.E.   |
|  | Overall Outcome Success Rate   | 61.6%   | 59.5%<br>63.6%      | 57.9%<br>57.9%          | 63.3%<br>66.2%   | 64.2%                      |            |          | 70.5%  |
| Persistence  | Prepared (avg 25% of cohort)   | 65.4%   |                     |                         |                  | 68.0%                      |            |          | 71.9%  |
|  | Unprepared (avg 75% of cohort  | 60.4%   | 58.3%               | 57.9%                   | 62.2%            | 62.8%                      | -          |          | 70.1%  |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 542     | 518                 | 416                     | 490              | 458                        |            |          |  |
| 30 Units   | Overall Outcome Success Rate   | 50.4%   | 52.3%               | 54.6%                   | 55.7%            | 58.5%                      | \$         |          | 66.5%  |
| ou Onits   | Prepared (avg 25% of cohort)   | 44.6%   | 45.5%               | 45.8%                   | 42.1%            | 48.8%                      |            | 1-1-1-1  | 70.1%  |
|  | Unprepared (avg 75% of cohort  | 52.2%   | 54.2%               | 57.6%                   | 60.8%            | 62.2%                      | ·          |          | 65.3%  |
| n  | Cohort Size                    | 599     | 591                 | 525                     | 499              | 436                        |            |          |  |
| Remedial Eng   | Outcome Success Rate           | 24.2%   | 24.5%               | 22.5%                   | 24.2%            | 24.8%                      | -          |          | 43.6%  |
|  | Cohort Size                    | 670     | 623                 | 499                     | 460              | 522                        |            | 10000    | 1 2 2  |
| Remedial Ma  | Outcome Success Rate           | 23.7%   | 23.3%               | 27.3%                   | 28.3%            | 27.2%                      |            | 1277     | 30.6%  |
|  | Cohort Sizé                    | 24      | 37                  | <10                     | <10              | <10                        |            |          | The state of the s |
| Remedial ES  | Outcome Success Rate           | 0.0%    | 0.0%                | æ                       | 3 <del>7</del> 8 | 38                         |            |          | 27.1%  |
| Career Techn   | ical Cohort Size               | 336     | 386                 | 393                     | 540              | 605                        |            |          | -  |
| Education  | Outcome Success Rate           | 48.5%   | 44.8%               | 44.5%                   | 42.6%            | 39.5%                      | -          |          | 53.9%  |

A Peer Group Comparison is only available for the Overall Completion metric. This peer group is comprised of 15 colleges (avg score = 48.6%).

### **Porterville College**

Results within the five-year trend at PC are generally positive. The only downward trends were for prepared students attaining 30 Units and for Remedial ESL (note the small cohort size). Measures with the highest increases were Completion (Overall), Remedial English, and Remedial Math.

When compared to statewide rates, many PC results were higher. For example, all three rates for Persistence were higher than statewide rates. All three rates for 30 Unit Attainment were also above statewide but by a closer margin. While Remedial ESL was one of the rates that declined in the five-year trend, the 2007-08 rate was still over the statewide rate. Results in the Career Technical Education measure were also above the statewide rate. The metrics with the lowest results compared to statewide were Remedial English and Remedial Math. When compared to the highest score in the Peer Group (which is only reported for the Overall Completion rate), PC's results were lower - 45.2% compared to 50.5%.

|  |  |                             | Trend for the Most Recent Five Cohorts |       |       |                            |            |                 |               | 2007-08 Comparisons |  |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--|-------|-------|----------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|--|
| Porterville College<br>Student Success Scorecard Metrics |  |                             |  |       |       | 2007-08<br>thru<br>2012-13 | Trendlines |                 |               |                     |  |
| 7-16-11  | Cohort Size Overall Outcome Success Rate                     |                             | 522                                    | 501   | 520   | 545                        | 577        | 7-74-10-7       |               |                     |  |
|  |  |                             | 39.7%                                  | 41.9% | 43.7% | 51.0%                      | 45.2%      | -               | 50.5%         | 48.1%               |  |
| Completion   | Prep   | pared (avg 11% of cohort)   | 80.0%                                  | 66.7% | 81.8% | 75.3%                      | 82.7%      | ~~              |               | 70.2%               |  |
|  | Unprepared (avg 89% of cohort)                               |                             | 36.8%                                  | 39.5% | 39.1% | 47.2%                      | 37.6%      |                 |               | 40.5%               |  |
|  | Cohort   | Size                        | 522                                    | 501   | 520   | 545                        | 577        |                 | - 1 "         |                     |  |
|  | Overall Outcome Success Rate<br>Prepared (avg 11% of cohort) |                             | 71.6%                                  | 72.1% | 70.8% | 71.4%                      | 74.4%      |                 | - 0           | 70.5%               |  |
| Persistence  |  |                             | 80.0%                                  | 73.3% | 76.4% | 68.5%                      | 82.7%      |                 | 1 C 100       | 71.9%               |  |
|  | Unprepared (avg 89% of cohort)                               |                             | 71.0%                                  | 71.9% | 70.1% | 71.8%                      | 72.7%      | -               | to be a first | 70.1%               |  |
|  | Cohort Size  |                             | 522                                    | 501   | 520   | 545                        | 577        |                 | 1             |                     |  |
| 0011   | Overall Outcome Success Rate                                 |                             | 64.4%                                  | 61.1% | 62.3% | 69.2%                      | 66.6%      |                 |               | 66.5%               |  |
| 30 Units   | Prepared (avg 11% of cohort)                                 |                             | 82.9%                                  | 62.2% | 65.5% | 63.0%                      | 71.4%      | 1               |               | 70.1%               |  |
|  | Unp  | repared (avg 89% of cohort) | 63.0%                                  | 61.0% | 61.9% | 70.1%                      | 65.6%      | _               |               | 65.3%               |  |
|  |  | Cohort Size                 | 805                                    | 794   | 878   | 758                        | 752        |                 |               |                     |  |
| Remedial Eng   | glish  | Outcome Success Rate        | 27.8%                                  | 28.6% | 30.6% | 34.7%                      | 32.3%      |                 |               | 43.6%               |  |
| w 12.0   | 5.1  | Cohort Size                 | 673                                    | 691   | 614   | 522                        | 524        | 11 12 22 1 22 1 |               | -                   |  |
| Remedial Ma  | th   | Outcome Success Rate        | 11.9%                                  | 15.8% | 16.6% | 23.6%                      | 24.4%      | -               | - 1           | 30.6%               |  |
|  |  | Cohort Size                 | 60                                     | 69    | 71    | 40                         | 47         |                 |               |                     |  |
| Remedial ES  |  | Outcome Success Rate        | 36.7%                                  | 44.9% | 43.7% | 35.0%                      | 31.9%      |                 |               | 27.1%               |  |
| Career Technical<br>Education                            |  | Cohort Size                 | 388                                    | 382   | 373   | 375                        | 467        |                 |               |                     |  |
|  |  | Outcome Success Rate        | 57.7%                                  | 61.8% | 57.9% | 62.1%                      | 58.7%      | $\wedge \wedge$ |               | 53.9%               |  |

A Peer Group Comparison is only available for the Overall Completion metric. This peer group is comprised of 19 colleges (avg score = 41.9%).

# **KCCD Guiding Principles**

### Vision

Our Vision is that the Kern Community College District is recognized as an exemplary educational leader, partnering with our communities to develop potential and create opportunities. Successful students will strengthen their communities and, along with the faculty and staff, become life-long learners.

### Values

Invested We are invested in our students by assisting them to achieve

informed educational goals.

Inclusive We foster an inclusive learning environment that celebrates the

diversity of people, ideas and learning styles.

Accountable We promote a climate of trust and accountability through the open

sharing of ideas and information.

**Focused** We are focused to strive for and meet the highest standards of

performance in everything we do.

Committed We are committed to recruiting and retaining the best employees.

### Mission

The mission of the Kern Community College District is to provide outstanding educational programs and services that are responsive to our diverse students and communities.

To accomplish this mission, we will:

- Provide academic instruction to promote fulfillment of four-year college transfer requirements and encourage degree and/or certificate acquisition in our surrounding communities.
- Provide workforce skills training through Career and Technical Education programs.
- Provide basic skills education and student services programs to enable students to become successful learners.
- Establish partnerships with businesses and governmental entities as well as other educational institutions to advance economic development
- Improve the quality of life of our students and communities through broad-based general education courses.
- Prepare students with the skills to function effectively in the global economy of the 21st century.
- Anticipate and prepare to meet challenges by continually assessing and prioritizing programs, services, and community needs.

# Strategic Goal #1: Maximize Student Success

### Increase Completion

#### Common Measures:

- Annual number of transfers
- Annual transfer rate
- Annual number of degrees and certificates
- Annual course success and retention
- Student Success Scorecard Completion Rate

### Improve Milestone Achievements

#### Common Measures:

- Annual rate of students completing all matriculation components
- Annual rate of students completing a student education plan
- Annual rate of students completing 12 units in their first term
- Annual rate of students completing 30 units in their first year
- Student Success Scorecard 30-Unit rate
- Student Success Scorecard Persistence rate
- Student Success Scorecard Remedial English Progress Rate
- Student Success Scorecard Remedial Math Progress Rate

### Increase Student Engagement

- Annual rate of students completing orientation
- CCSSE key findings for Active and Collaborative Learning, Student Effort, Academic Challenge, Student -Faculty Interaction, and Support for Learners
- Number of students in clubs and organizations.

## Strategic Goal #2: Implement Student Equity Measures

### Close Achievement Gaps

Common Measures:

 Disaggregated data for the common measures in Goal #1 provided by Gender, Age, and Ethnicity

# Strategic Goal #3: Ensure Student Access

### ■ Optimize Student Enrollment

Common Measures:

- Annual FTES
- Annual productivity
- Waitlisted enrollments on first day
- Number of dual and concurrent enrollments

### ■ Be the Higher Education Option of First Choice

- Enrollment yield from feeder high schools
- Participation rate (disaggregated)

## Strategic Goal #4: Enhance Community **Connections**

### ■ Provide Workforce and Economic Development Programs that Respond to Local Industry

#### Common Measures:

- Annual number of CTE degrees and certificates
- Annual rate of CTE programs meeting core indicator performance goals
- Annual number of contract education contracts, hours and students served
- Student Success Scorecard CTE Completion rate

### ■ Reflect the Communities We Serve

#### Common Measures:

- Percentage of employees who attend community meetings
- Degree to which employee diversity reflects the service area population
- Degree to which employee diversity reflects the student population
- Degree to which there is diversity in the employment applicant pool

## Strategic Goal #5: Strengthen Organizational **Effectiveness**

### Provide Effective Professional Development

- Percentage of employees who feel they have adequate training
- Percentage of employees who feel there are opportunities to learn and grow
- Percentage of employees who feel encouraged and supported
- Percentage of positions hired through internal promotion

### • Meet and Exceed Internal and External Standards and Requirements

#### Common Measures:

- Percentage of ACCJC institutional set standards met
- Percentage of courses with ongoing assessment of learning outcomes
- Percentage of programs with ongoing assessment of learning outcomes
- Percentage of institutional learning outcomes with ongoing assessment
- Percentage of academic expenditures in the numerator
- Full-time to part-time faculty ratio
- Percentage of Reserves

### ■ Increase Trust and Create a Collaborative Culture

#### Common Measures:

- Percentage of employees reporting trust between site locations
- Percentage of employees reporting trust between employee groups
- Percentage of employees who report positive interactions
- Percentage of employees who believe their work environment is open to diverse
- Percentage of employees who feel consulted and listened to
- Percentage of employees who feel there is a satisfactory level of communication
- Percentage of employees who attend department and committee meetings

### Improve Facilities and Maintenance

- Percentage of employees who feel the facilities are adequately maintained
- Number of work orders submitted for building maintenance, custodial and grounds and the percentage completed
- Percentage of employees who feel the workplace is attractive
- Percentage of employees who feel their work location is clean
- Number of safety and security incidents reported
- Percentage of employees who feel safe at their location
- Percentage of employees who feel their work environment is conducive to productivity



Bakersfield College Cerro Coso Community College Porterville College

2100 Chester Avenue Bakersfield, CA 93301 (661) 336-5100 www.kccd.edu